Dear Family:

In Unit 4, I will review the **exception** to the **vowel-consonant-e syllable**. This exception, **-ive**, can also be a suffix (as in $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{t} (\mathbf{i} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{e})$). It is pronounced with a short \mathbf{i} sound. I will point out that the \mathbf{e} in **-ive** is added because words in English never end with the letter \mathbf{v} .

Students will also learn a new spelling rule for adding suffixes to **vowel-consonant-e syllables**. When adding a consonant suffix to a word that ends in a silent **e**, students will simply add the suffix:

A v-e syllable with a consonant suffix is marked like this:

However, if the suffix begins with a vowel, students will drop the **e** before adding the suffix:

A v-e syllable with a vowel suffix is marked like this:

I hope you are finding working with your child rewarding and fun. Thank you again for your help.

Sincerely,

